



Pediatric TB Risk Assessment Questionnaire

These questions below were developed to determine whether a tuberculin skin test is indicated. According to the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) and Bright Futures, a risk assessment should be performed at 1, 6, 12 and 18 months, then annually at 2-21 years of age.

Patient Name: _____

Patient's Date of Birth: _____

Parent/Guardian name: _____

1. Was your child born outside the United States? Yes No
If yes, where was the child born? _____
2. Has your child traveled outside the United States? Yes No
If yes, where has he/she traveled, for how long and where did he/she stay?

3. Has your child been in contact with anyone with tuberculosis? Yes No
4. Does your child have close contact with or live with a person who has a positive TB skin test? Yes No
5. Does your child spend time with anyone who has been in jail or a shelter, uses illegal drugs or has HIV? Yes No
6. Has your child ever tested HIV-positive? Yes No
7. Does your child have a household member who was born outside the United States?
Yes No If yes, where? _____
8. Does your child have a household member who has traveled outside the United States?
Yes No If yes, where and for how long? _____

Parent/Guardian Signature: _____ Date: _____



Pediatric TB Risk Assessment Questionnaire

Instructions for Provider

As a pediatric health care provider, you play a key role in identifying children at increased risk for acquiring TB. These questions were developed to determine whether a tuberculin skin test is indicated. According to the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) and Bright Futures, a risk assessment should be performed at 1, 6, 12 and 18 months, then annually at 2–21 years of age.

Basic steps:

1. Give the patient or guardian the questionnaire
2. Collect the completed form
3. Review the answers
4. Determine whether the patient is at risk and administer TB test, if indicated
5. File document in their medical records

If the child was born in, traveled to or lived in the high-risk regions below or lived with someone who was born in, traveled to or lived in the high-risk regions below, that is considered a positive risk factor.

- Africa
- Asia
- Latin America
- the Caribbean
- Eastern Europe

Any positive risk factor is indicated for administration of the Mantoux tuberculin test.

Note: If the child being screened was previously tested, had a documented negative TB skin test result and has not acquired any new risk factors since the last assessment, then he/she does not need to be re-tested.